CONCUSSION

A FACT SHEET FOR STUDENT-ATHLETES

WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?
A concussion is a brain injury that:
• Is caused by a blow to the head or body.
  – From contact with another player, hitting a hard surface such as the ground, ice or floor, or being hit by a piece of equipment such as a bat, lacrosse stick or field hockey ball.
• Can change the way your brain normally works.
• Can range from mild to severe.
• Presents itself differently for each athlete.
• Can occur during practice or competition in ANY sport.
• Can happen even if you do not lose consciousness.

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION?
You can't see a concussion, but you might notice some of the symptoms right away. Other symptoms can show up hours or days after the injury. Concussion symptoms include:
• Amnesia.
• Confusion.
• Headache.
• Loss of consciousness.
• Balance problems or dizziness.
• Double or fuzzy vision.
• Sensitivity to light or noise.
• Nausea (feeling that you might vomit).
• Feeling sluggish, foggy or groggy.
• Feeling unusually irritable.
• Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays, facts, meeting times).
• Slow reaction time.

Exercise or activities that involve a lot of concentration, such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games may cause concussion symptoms (such as headache or tiredness) to reappear or get worse.

HOW CAN I PREVENT A CONCUSSION?

Basic steps you can take to protect yourself from concussion:
• Do not initiate contact with your head or helmet. You can still get a concussion if you are wearing a helmet.
• Avoid striking an opponent in the head. Undercutting, flying elbows, stepping on a head, checking an unprotected opponent, and sticks to the head all cause concussions.
• Follow your athletics department’s rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
• Practice good sportsmanship at all times.
• Practice and perfect the skills of the sport.

WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I THINK I HAVE A CONCUSSION?

Don’t hide it. Tell your athletic trainer and coach. Never ignore a blow to the head. Also, tell your athletic trainer and coach if one of your teammates might have a concussion. Sports have injury timeouts and player substitutions so that you can get checked out.

Report it. Do not return to participation in a game, practice or other activity with symptoms. The sooner you get checked out, the sooner you may be able to return to play.

Get checked out. Your team physician, athletic trainer, or health care professional can tell you if you have had a concussion and when you are cleared to return to play. A concussion can affect your ability to perform everyday activities, your reaction time, balance, sleep and classroom performance.

Take time to recover. If you have had a concussion, your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is still healing, you are much more likely to have a repeat concussion. In rare cases, repeat concussions can cause permanent brain damage, and even death. Severe brain injury can change your whole life.

IT’S BETTER TO MISS ONE GAME THAN THE WHOLE SEASON. WHEN IN DOUBT, GET CHECKED OUT.

For more information and resources, visit www.NCAA.org/health-safety and www.CDC.gov/Concussion.
Student–Athlete Concussion Reporting Agreement

(Initial each line once you have read each statement)

_______ I understand that it is my responsibility to report all injuries and illness to the ABAC Athletic Trainer and Coach.

_______ I have read and understand the Concussion Fact Sheet for Student-Athletes and I am aware of the following information:

☐ _______ A concussion is a brain injury, which I am responsible for reporting to the ABAC Athletic Trainer and Coach.

☐ _______ A concussion can affect my ability to perform everyday activities, such as reaction time, balance, sleep and classroom performance.

☐ _______ You cannot see concussion, but you might notice some of the symptoms right away. Other symptoms can show up hours, or even days, after the injury.

☐ _______ If I suspect my teammate has a concussion, I am responsible for reporting the injury to the ABAC Athletic Trainer and Coach.

☐ _______ I will not return to play in a game or practice if I have received a blow to the head or body that results in concussion-related symptoms.

☐ _______ Following concussion, the brain needs time to heal. I will be much more likely to have another concussion if I return to play before my symptoms resolve.

☐ _______ In rare cases, repeat concussion can cause permanent brain damage and even death.

_______ I agree to baseline testing if available.

Print Name___________________________________ Date ______________

Signature______________________________________ Date ______________